

MEA serves show-cause notice to Revanna

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ NEW DELHI

The Ministry of External Affairs (MEA) has served a show-cause notice to suspended JD(S) MP Prajwal Revanna asking why his diplomatic passport should not be cancelled as sought by the Karnataka government in view of allegations of sexual abuse against him, it was learnt here on Friday. Official sources on Thursday had said the MEA is processing

the Karnataka government's request to cancel Prajwal's diplomatic passport. Currently, he is believed to be in Germany. The show-cause notice has been served on Prajwal as part of the process initiated to cancel his passport, they said. It is learnt that the show-cause notice was served through email. Prajwal, the grandson of former prime minister H D Deve Gowda, is at the centre of a mass sexual abuse case and the Hassan MP left India on April



27, a day after voting for the Lok Sabha elections took place in his constituency. The MEA is undertaking the process to cancel Prajwal's diplomatic passport under the provisions of the Passports Act of 1967 as well as related regulations, sources said. If the passport is cancelled, then Prajwal's stay abroad will be illegal and he may face legal action by concerned authorities in the country he is staying, a person familiar with the matter said.

On Wednesday, Karnataka Chief Minister Siddaramaiah wrote a second letter to Prime Minister Narendra Modi urging him to take "prompt and necessary" actions to cancel Prajwal's diplomatic passport. The chief minister sent a similar letter to the prime minister on May 1. The Special Investigation Team (SIT) set up by the Karnataka government to probe the sexual abuse charges against Prajwal wrote the MEA to cancel his diplomatic passport after an arrest warrant was issued against him by a local court. A 'Blue Corner Notice' seeking information on Revanna's whereabouts has already been issued by the Interpol following a request by the SIT. Earlier this month, MEA spokesperson Randhir Jaiswal

said Prajwal travelled to Germany on a diplomatic passport and he did not seek political clearance for the trip. "No political clearance was either sought from or issued by MEA in respect of the travel of the said MP to Germany," Jaiswal had said. "Obviously, no visa note was issued either. No visa is required for diplomatic passport holders to travel to Germany. The Ministry has not issued visa note for any other country," the MEA spokesperson said. On Friday, External Affairs Minister S Jaishankar also addressed questions about Revanna's diplomatic passport cancellation while speaking to the media. "MEA got this request from the Karnataka Government only on the 21st of May. People were saying a lot of things to the press. I don't know how other governments/state governments function. We in MEA at least function as per the law," he said. Incidentally, Janata Dal Secular (JDS) supremo H D Deve Gowda on Thursday issued a stern warning to his grandson Prajwal Revanna, asking him to return to India, surrender to the police or face his wrath. He also said he should be given the harshest punishment if the accusations against him turn out to be true.

India's growing weight will ensure overall global balance remains in favour of freedom, openness: EAM Jaishankar

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ NEW DELHI

India's growing weight will ensure that the overall balance in the world order remains in favour of freedom, openness, transparency and a rules-based order, External Affairs Minister S Jaishankar said on Friday. In a virtual address at the Nikkei Asia Future of Asia Forum, he said the challenge of supply chain and the use of economic coercion by states have put a premium on resilience, in comments that came amid China's attempt to become an economic hegemon. Jaishankar said the world is undergoing a flux, driven by geopolitical, geo-economic and geo-technological developments and that the global order today is visibly under stress, with Asia and the Indo-Pacific very much part of this transformation. "But it is not just change we are seeing; there is also much greater risk-taking. It is visible in the conflict in Ukraine, in violence in the Middle East and the disregard for international law and agreements in Asia and the Indo-Pacific," he said. This has economic facets, perhaps even more concerning. The supply chain challenge, over-concentrations stemming



from globalization and the use of economic coercion by states have put a premium on resilience and redundancy," he said. The minister said equally important is the technology challenge that has created a new level of inter-penetration and interdependence. "As a result, the era of AI, EVs (electric vehicles), green and clean technologies have brought both hope and anxiety in equal measure. "As both market shares and data harnessing are leveraged, national security has become crucial to many economic transactions," he said. Jaishankar said the transformation of India is critical to strengthening multipolarity in Asia itself, which is a prereq-

uisite for a multipolar world. "India's growing weight will ensure that the overall balance in the world order remains in favour of freedom, openness, transparency and a rules-based order," he said. "Equally, its greater sense of responsibility and more contributions are also making a difference. Indian naval ships are currently operating in the Red Sea to protect maritime shipping," he noted. "India has been a First Responder for natural disasters across the Indian Ocean, sometimes even beyond. Its initiatives ranging from solar energy to disaster resilience and bio-diversity have been recognised across the world," he said.

कार्यालय अधीक्षण अभियन्ता, चतुर्थ वृत्त,
लोक निर्माण विभाग, रुद्रपुर (ऊधम सिंह नगर)
फोन / फ़ैक्स : 05944-240921 ई-मेल: sepwdusn@gmail.com

पत्रांक : 1411 / 23 एम-04 / 2024

दिनांक : 22 / 05 / 2024

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिस्पर्धात्मक निविदा (e-tendering)						
महानहम राज्पाल उत्तराखण्ड की ओर से अधीक्षण अभियन्ता, चतुर्थ वृत्त, लो०नि०वि० रुद्रपुर (ऊधम सिंह नगर) द्वारा निम्निलिखित कार्यो हेतु ई-टेंडरिंग द्वारा टू-बिड सिस्टम के अंतर्गत निविदा आमंत्रित की जाती है। निविदा से सम्बन्धित सभी सूचनायें वेबसाइट http://www.uktenders.gov.in पर दिनांक 28.05.2024 से उपलब्ध होंगी।						
क्र. सं.	कार्य का नाम	धरोहर घनराशि (लाख में)	निविदा प्रपत्र का मूल्य (रु० में)	निविदा की वैधता (दिवस)	कार्य पूर्ण करने का समय (माह में)	टेकेदार की श्रेणी
1	2	3		4	5	6
1	सड़क सुरक्षा मद 2024-25 के अन्तर्गत विधान सभा क्षेत्र गदरपुर एवं रुद्रपुर में निम्नलिखित मार्गों में क़ैश बैरियर का कार्य— 1. जनपद ऊधम सिंह नगर के ब्लाक गदरपुर में जाफ़रपुर गुलरभोज मोटर मार्ग (एम०डी०आर०)। 2. विधान सभा क्षेत्र रुद्रपुर में मानूनगर गदरपुर—दिनेशपुर—मटकोटा—हल्द्वानी (एस० एच०—05 एक्स०) मोटर मार्ग। 3. विधानसभा क्षेत्र गदरपुर—दिनेशपुर — मटकोटा—हल्द्वानी (एस०एच०—5) मोटर मार्ग।	3.15	5000.00 + 18% GST	90 दिन	06 माह	भारत सरकार / किसी भी राज्य सरकार के विभाग एवं उपक्रम में मार्ग कार्य हेतु श्रेणी B एवं उच्चतर में पंजीकृत
2	सड़क सुरक्षा मद 2024-25 के अन्तर्गत— (अ) विधान सभा क्षेत्र गदरपुर एवं रुद्रपुर में निम्नलिखित मार्गों में क़ैश बैरियर का कार्य— 1. विधान सभा क्षेत्र गदरपुर में गदरपुर मिलकखानम (ओ०डी०आर०) मोटर मार्ग। 2. विधानसभा क्षेत्र गदरपुर में मसीत बहार बजीर सैदलीगंज (ओ०डी०आर०) मोटर — मार्ग। 3. विधान सभा क्षेत्र गदरपुर में सरदार नगर बैरिया दौलत बन्नाखड़ा (राज्य मार्ग सं०—61)। (ब) प्रांतीय खण्ड लो०नि०वि० रुद्रपुर के अन्तर्गत विभिन्न राज्य मार्गों, मुख्य जिला मार्गों, अन्य जिला मार्गों में गति सीमा बोर्डों को लगाये जाने का कार्य।	3.30	5000.00 + 18% GST	90 दिन	06 माह	—तदैव—
अधीक्षण अभियन्ता						

ReNew Fazilka Solar Power Private Limited									
CIN No. : U40108HR2015PTC055470									
Regd. Office : ReNew Hub, Commercial Block-1, Zone-6, Golf Course Road, DLF City Phase-V, Gurugram 122009, Haryana, India									
Corporate Office : ReNew Hub, Commercial Block-1, Zone-6, Golf Course Road, DLF City Phase-V, Gurugram 122009, Haryana, India Phone No. : 124 489 6670/80									
SUMMARY OF STANDALONE/ CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024									
(Amounts in INR millions, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)									
Particulars	STANDALONE			CONSOLIDATED					
	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED			FOR THE YEAR ENDED			FOR THE YEAR ENDED		
	31 March 2024	31 December 2023	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total Income from Operations	116	40	46	238	164	3,506		2,793	
Net Profit for the year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	53	32	74	182	164	1,618		888	
Net Profit for the year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	53	32	74	182	164	1,618		888	
Net Profit for the year after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	38	23	56	134	112	1,244		631	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	38	23	56	134	112	1,244		631	
Paid up Equity Share Capital	21	21	21	21	21	21		21	
Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	6,493	6,457	6,361	6,493	6,361	7,812		6,568	
Securities premium	6,063	6,063	6,063	6,063	6,063	6,063		6,063	
Net worth	6,534	6,497	6,402	6,534	6,402	7,853		6,609	
Paid up Debt Capital / Outstanding Debt	3,259	3,259	921	3,259	921	—		—	
Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	
Debt Equity Ratio	0.49	0.50	0.14	0.49	0.14	1.58		1.68	
Earnings Per Share* (face value of per share INR 10/-) (for continuing and discontinued operations)									
1. Basic :	9.30	5.67	13.80	32.89	27.45	304.97		154.70	
2. Diluted :	9.30	5.67	13.80	32.89	27.45	304.97		154.70	
Capital Redemption Reserve	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	53	33	NA	53	NA	53		NA	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio*	2.10	1.57	476.05	3.05	274.17	3.15		2.29	
Interest Service Coverage Ratio*	1.75	1.49	5.42	1.92	3.20	2.84		2.15	
Current Ratio	4.11	4.51	1.74	4.11	1.74	2.73		1.56	
Long Term Debt to Working Capital	0.73	0.73	NA	0.73	NA	2.23		6.16	
Current Liability Ratio	0.30	0.27	0.92	0.30	0.92	0.20		0.22	
Total Debts to Total Assets Ratio	0.24	0.25	NA	0.24	NA	0.50		0.51	
Debtors Turnover Ratio*	1.42	1.06	0.32	1.90	0.97	1.90		0.93	
Inventory Turnover Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	
Operating margin (%)	21%	69%	78%	47%	74%	72%		72%	
Net profit margin (%)	33%	57%	122%	56%	68%	45%		24%	

*not annualized for quarterly values

Notes :

1. Ratios have been computed as follows :
- Net worth : Issued subscribed and paid up capital + instrument entirely equity in nature + reserves and surplus.
- Reserves and Surplus includes Debenture redemption reserve, Securities premium account and Profit and loss account balance.
- Debt Equity Ratio = Total Debt (Long-term borrowings + Short-term borrowings) / Shareholder's Equity
- Earning per share = Profit after Tax / Weighted average number of equity shares
- Debt Service Coverage Ratio = (Net Profit after taxes + non-cash operating expenses + interest + tax expense) / (Interest payment + Long Term Debt Principal repayments)
- Interest Service Coverage Ratio = Profit before interest, tax, depreciation / Total Interest Expense
- Current Ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabilities
- Long Term Debt to Working Capital = Non- Current borrowing including Current maturities of Non-Current borrowings/(Current Assets - Current Liabilities excluding Current maturities of Non-Current borrowings)
- Current Liability Ratio = Current Liabilities/ Total Liabilities
- Total Debts to Total Assets = Total long term outstanding debts/ Total Assets
- Debtors Turnover = Revenue from operation/ Average trade receivables
- Inventory Turnover: The Company does not generate revenue from selling of inventory, hence this ratio is not applicable.
- Operating margin(%) = (Profit before tax + Finance costs - Other income)/ Revenue from operations
- Net Profit Margin (%) = Net profit after Tax/ Revenue from Operations

2. The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchange under regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations. The full format of the quarterly financial results is available on the website of BSE Limited (URL: <https://www.bseindia.com>).

3. For the other line items referred in Regulation 52(4) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the pertinent disclosures have been made to the BSE Limited and can be accessed on the URL: <https://www.bseindia.com>.

4. The Statement has been prepared in accordance with recognition and measurement principles laid down in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant rules issued thereunder and other recognized accounting practices and policies.

5. The financial results of the Company have been approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 23 May 2024.

6. The Company is carrying out business activities relating to generation of power through non-conventional and renewable energy sources and allied services in the state of Telangana. There is only one segment (business and/or geographical) in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS - 108 "Operating Segments".

7. NCD's of the Company has been rated "CARE A+ (CE)/Stable by CARE Limited vide letter dated 11 August 2023.

8. Previous period/ year figures have been re-grouped/ re-classified wherever necessary, to conform to current period's classification. The impact of such reclassification/ regrouping is not material to the standalone financial results.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

ReNew Fazilka Solar Power Private Limited

Sd./
Amit Kumar
(Director)
DIN : 03384645

Sd./
Saurabh Kaushik
(Director)
DIN : 09235360

Place : Gurugram
Date : 23 May, 2024

ReNew Akshay Urja Limited					
CIN : U40300DL2015PLC275651					
Regd. Office : 138, Ansal Chambers II, Bikaji Cama Place, Delhi-110066					
Corporate Office : ReNew.Hub, Commercial Block-1, Zone 6, Golf Course Road, DLF City Phase-V, Gurugram, 122009, Haryana					
Statement of Audited Financial Results for the year ended 31 March 2024					
Particulars	Quarter ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2024	Quarter ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2023	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	
Total Income from Operations	435	1,851	454	1,515	
Net Profit for the year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	227	902	204	509	
Net Profit for the year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	227	902	204	509	
Net Profit for the year after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	173	650	153	379	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the year (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	173	650	153	379	
Paid up Equity Share Capital	133	133	133	133	
Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	3,712	3,712	3,061	3,061	
Equity component of compulsory convertible debentures	1,144	1,144	1,144	1,144	
Net worth**	4,989	4,989	4,338	4,338	
Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares * Debt Equity Ratio *	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)	2.18	2.18	2.11	2.11	
1. Basic :	7.58	28.46	6.69	16.61	
2. Diluted :	7.58	28.46	6.69	16.61	
Capital Redemption Reserve *	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio *	303	303	239	239	
Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.18	2.66	2.65	2.15	
Current ratio*	2.97	3.01	1.39	2.25	
Long Term Debt to Working Capital *	4.33	4.33	2.95	2.95	
Total Debts to Total Assets Ratio *	1.65	1.65	1.97	1.97	
Current Liability Ratio *	0.43	0.43	0.51	0.51	
Debtor Turnover Ratio *	0.15	0.15	0.19	0.19	
	1.02	1.91	0.29	0.96	

Disclosures pursuant to Regulations 52(4) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

- Credit Rating : IND AA+ (CE)
- Change in credit rating : No
- Debt Equity ratio: mentioned above
- Debt Service Coverage Ratio: mentioned above
- Interest Service Coverage Ratio: mentioned above
- Outstanding redeemable preference shares (Quantity and Value): Not Applicable
- Net Worth ** (31 March, 2024) : INR 4,989 (31 March, 2023 : INR 4,338)
- Net profit after tax: mentioned above
- Earning per share: mentioned above
- Debenture Redemption Reserve (31 March, 2024) : INR 303 (31 March, 2023 : INR 239)
- There are no material deviation in the use of proceeds of issue of Non Convertible Debentures from the objects stated in the offer document (Regulations 52(7))

Notes :

1. Ratios have been computed as follows :
- Earning per share (Basic & Diluted) = Profit after Tax / Weighted average number of equity shares
- Debt Equity Ratio* = Debt (Amount due to Debenture Holders) / Equity (Equity share capital + share premium + quasi equity i.e. Short term borrowing but excluding unamortized fees)
- Interest Service Coverage Ratio = Profit before interest, prior period items, tax, extraordinary items and depreciation / (Total Interest Expense).
- Debt Service Coverage Ratio* = ((PAT based on Project Revenues realised (excluding non-cash adjustment, if any) + Depreciation + Interest (Interest, Guarantee Fees, other financing costs payable under Debenture and Project Documents)) / (Interest + Principal Repayment+Guarantee fee).
- Asset Coverage Ratio = (Total Assets) / Debt (Amount due to Debenture Holders)
- Current ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabilities
- Current Liability Ratio= Current Liabilities/ Total Liabilities
- Long Term Debt to Working Capital = Non-Current borrowing including current maturities of Non-current borrowings/ (Current Assets - Current Liabilities (excluding current maturities of Non-Current borrowings))
- Total Debts to Total Assets Ratio = Total outstanding debts/ Total Assets
- Debtors Turnover Ratio = Revenue from operations / Average Trade Receivables
*As per Debenture Trust Deed dated 20 September, 2017.
** Networth represents issued subscribed and paid up capital plus reserves and surplus. Reserves and Surplus includes Capital reserve, General reserve, Debenture redemption reserve, Securities premium account and Profit and loss account balance.

2. The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the National Stock Exchange under regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations. The full format of the quarterly financial results is available on the website of the Stock Exchange.

3. The company is in the business of development and operation of solar power. There is only one segment (business and/or geographical) in accordance with the requirements of IND AS - 108 "Operating Segments".

4. For the other line items referred in regulation 52(4) of the Listing Regulations, pertinent disclosures have been made to the National Stock Exchange and can be accessed on the URL – <https://www.nseindia.com/>

5. The above financial results of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024 have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at the meeting held on May 24, 2024. The statutory auditors of the company have carried the Audit for financial results of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024.

For and on behalf of

ReNew Akshay Urja Limited

Sd./
Gaurav Wadhwa
(Director, DIN : 07641926

Place : Gurugram
Date : 24 May, 2024

mony, Doval said India's economic progress would have been much faster if "we had more secure borders".

"In the foreseeable future, I don't think our borders are going to be as secure as we will require for our fast economic growth. So, the responsibility on border guarding forces has become very, very heavy. They have got to remain on alert 24X7 in perpetuity. They have got to see that our national interests and country are protected," he said. Borders are important because that is the limit which "defines our sovereignty", he said. "Jameen par jo kabja hai wo apna hai, baki to sab adalat aur kachehri ka kaam hai, usse farak nahi padta (The land which is in our possession is ours, the rest is the matter of courts and that is immaterial)," Doval said.

The government has paid very, very high attention to border security during the last 10 years, a period in which "our comprehensive national power has grown immensely", Doval said on Friday. The NSA said India is changing very fast and in the next 10 years, "we will be a USD 10 trillion economy and the third largest economy" that he called a "major achievement". He said India will have one of the largest workforces and be a hub of high-technology artificial intelligence, semiconductors, quantum computing and various other areas of defence and security manufacturing. The country, which was an importer of arms, exported USD 2.5 billion worth of arms until March 31, emerging as a big exporter because of the government's policy of self-reliance and Atmanirbhar Bharat, Doval said. In this changing India, prosperity guarantees security to some extent and increases vulnerability in much larger areas, he said.

AMR infections threatening millions of lives globally: Study

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ NEW DELHI

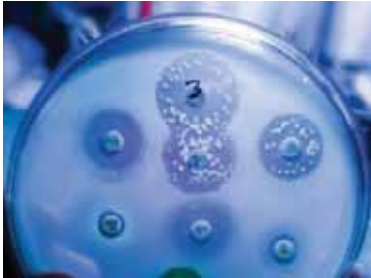
Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) threatens millions of lives annually, with bacterial infections claiming one in every eight global deaths, said a study published in The Lancet, painting a grim picture of a world where 50 lakh lives are lost each year due to bacteria resistant to antibiotics. It said up to 7.5 lakh AMR-related deaths annually in low middle income countries could be prevented by improving infection prevention measures, including hand hygiene, sanitation, and vaccination, said the authors and have called for support in providing sustainable access to antibiotics to be central to ambitious and actionable targets for tackling AMR. "Access to effective antibiotics is essential to patients worldwide. A failure to provide these antibiotics puts us at risk for not meeting the UN sustainable development goals on child survival and health ageing," said series co-author, Iruka Okeke of the University of Ibadan, Nigeria. Okeke said that effective antibiotics prolong lives, reduce disabilities, limit healthcare costs and enable other life-saving medical actions such as surgery. "However, antimicrobial resistance is on the rise - accelerated by inappropriate use of antibiotics during the COVID-19 pandemic - threatening the backbone of modern medicine and already leading to deaths and disease which would have once been prevented," said Okeke. Existing infection prevention methods



Army Chief exhorts NDA cadets to further spirit of jointness

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ NEW DELHI

Army chief General Manoj Pande on Friday exhorted National Defence Academy (NDA) cadets to further the spirit of jointness as they grow in service and also emphasised about the revolution in military affairs which are mostly driven by technology. He made this assertion while reviewing the Passing Out Parade of 146th Course of National Defence Academy at Khetarpal Parade Ground, NDA, Khadakwasla. A total of 1,265 cadets participated in the parade of which 337 cadets were from the passing out Course. This included 199 Army Cadets, 38 Naval Cadets and 100 Air Force cadets including 19 cadets from Friendly Foreign Countries including Bhutan, Tajikistan, Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Myanmar and Maldives. A contingent of 24 female cadets, presently in their third and fourth term of training also took part in the parade. Known as the cradle of military leadership, the NDA is the country's premier Joint Services Training Institution. The 146th course was inducted in June 2021 and after completion of three years of rigorous military training the cadets passed out in a grand ceremonial event. The cadets will now join their respective Pre-Commissioning Training Academics.



can prevent AMR-associated deaths, according to modelling analysis undertaken for putting together the series of papers. Up to 3.37 lakh deaths a year could be saved by improving infection prevention and control in healthcare facilities while around 2.5 lakh deaths could be avoided yearly by providing universal access to safe drinking water and effective sanitation in community settings. Further, 1.82 lakh deaths a year could be saved by expanding the rollout of some paediatric vaccines, such as pneumococcal vaccines which help protect against pneumonia and meningitis, along with introducing new ones, such as RSV vaccines for pregnant women, the researchers found. "Our findings highlight how public health actions to prevent infections in the first place should be prioritised as a strategy to tackle AMR as these methods have the potential to drastically reduce the number of deaths from AMR-associated infections," said co-author Yewande Alimi of Africa Centres for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).