FROM ROOTS TO REVENUE: COMMUNITY-BASED CARBON **SEQUESTRATION THROUGH AGROFORESTRY**

ReNew identified a crisis affecting over 1,000 smallholder farming families in the drought-prone regions of Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra. Erratic weather patterns, land degradation, and falling groundwater tables had trapped these communities in cycles of debt and declining productivity. Without intervention, these ecologically fragile areas would face continued agricultural collapse, threatening both food security and rural livelihoods.

Implementation Approach



Strategic Community Engagement

- Community-led implementation through NGO collaboration
- Aligned environmental and economic sustainability goals



Farmer Mobilisation & Training

- Engaged 1,000 farmers through village meetings
- 304 actively participating in pilot phase
- Focused on agroforestry best practices and economic benefits



Targeted Plantation & Sustainability

• Planted 130,000 trees across 7 indigenous, carefully chosen for ecological resilience, carbon potential, and commercial viability



Technical Capacity Building

· Provided specialised agroforestry training to equip farmers with knowledge and tools for high survival rates and to optimise land productivity methods.



Data-Driven Monitoring & Impact Assessment

· Implemented digital tracking mechanisms to monitor tree survival rates, land restoration progress and farmer engagement, supporting carbon credit validation and sustainability reporting

Impact - Throughout and Beyond

Impact	Achievement
Environmental	 130,000 trees planted with 90% survival rate ~5,000 tons CO₂e sequestered Improved soil fertility and water retention
Economic	 304 active farmers with strong ownership Zero land sales among participants, with 100% land retention Immediate income through intercropping ensuring food safety Long-term diversified revenue streams
Social	 Communities stabilised, reduced migration pressure Farmer confidence restored Sustainable land management adopted